FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
Corporate information	1
Statement by management	2
Auditor's report	3
Balance sheet (Form B01 - CTCK)	5
Income statement (Form B02 - CTCK)	7
Cash flow statement (Form B03 - CTCK)	8
Notes to the financial statements (Form B09 - CTCK)	9

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **Operation Licence**

Kim Eng Vietnam Securities Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in SR Vietnam.

Establishment Licence No. 71/UBCK-GP dated 14 December 2007 was issued by the State Securities Commission.

The registered office is at 255 Tran Hung Dao Street, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### Chartered capital

The initial chartered capital pursuant to the Establishment Licence is VND200 billion. The chartered capital as at 31 December 2010 was VND300 billion.

Board of Management	Mr Lam Hoang Loc	Chairman
	Mr Le Minh Tam	Member
	Ms Nguyen Thi Thanh Hien	Member
	Mr Ong Cheow Kheng	Member
	Mr Ronald Ooi	Member

Doard of Directors Wil Le Willing Talli General Director	Board of Directors	Mr Le Minh Tam	General Director
--	--------------------	----------------	------------------

Compliance Committee	Mr Pham Thanh Tien	
5000 to 4 To 1000 to 500 to	Mr Tan Pei-San	
	Ms Eunice Ho	(appointed on 29 May 2010)
	Mr. Jason Foo	(resigned on 12 February 2010)

Auditor	PricewaterhouseCoopers (Vietnam) Limited
---------	--

# STATEMENT OF THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GENERAL DIRECTOR IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The General Director is responsible for financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2010 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the General Director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

I, the General Director is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and which enable financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the financial statements. I am also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I hereby approve the accompanying financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 22 which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2010 and of the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and regulations applicable to securities companies operating in SR Vietnam.

CÔNG TY C CÔ PHẨN CHỦNG KHOAN KIM ĐÁC VIỆT NAM

Le Minh Tam General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, SR Vietnam 28 February 2011



PricewaterhouseCoopers (Vietnam) Ltd. 4th Floor, Saigon Tower 29 Le Duan Street, District 1 Ho Chi Minh City Vietnam

Telephone: (84-8) 3823 0796 Facsimile: (84-8) 3825 1947

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT OF KIM ENG VIETNAM SECURITIES JOINT STOCK COMPANY

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kim Eng Vietnam Securities Joint Stock Company ("the Company") which were approved by management on 28 February 2011. The financial statements comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2010, the income statement and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and explanatory notes to the financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 5 to 22.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and regulations applicable for securities companies operating in SR Vietnam. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit in order to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS @

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2010, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and regulations applicable for securities companies operating in SR Vietnam.

lan S. Lydall

AC No. N.0559/KTV

Chairman

PricewaterhouseCoopers (Vietnam) Limited Ho Chi Minh City, SR Vietnam Audit report number HCM2664 28 February 2011 Nguyen Hoang Nam AC No. 0849/KTV

As indicated in Note 2.1 to the financial statements, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than SR Vietnam, and furthermore their utilisation is not designed for those who are not informed about SR Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices.

Form B 01 - CTCK

## BALANCE SHEET

			As at 31 December			
			2010	2009		
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND		
Α	CURRENT ASSETS		485,167,463,123	428,121,483,903		
1	Cash and cash equivalents	3	17,927,814,920	30,973,378,924		
1	Cash		17,927,814,920	10,973,378,924		
2	Cash equivalents		-	20,000,000,000		
II	Short-term investments	4(a)	6,605,500	130,521,460,000		
1	Short-term investments		6,605,500	130,521,460,000		
III	Accounts receivable		464,254,996,739	264,236,596,298		
2	Prepayments to suppliers		544,560,997	1,339,922,365		
4	Receivables from securities transactions	5	463,732,684,067	260,655,433,961		
5	Other receivables	7	7,511,054,425	4,161,127,221		
6	Provision for doubtful debts	6	(7,533,302,750)	(1,919,887,249)		
V	Other current assets		2,978,045,964	2,390,048,681		
1	Short-term prepayments		636,560,144	789,403,704		
4	Other current assets		2,341,485,820	1,600,644,977		
В	LONG-TERM ASSETS		30,443,461,670	25,014,134,323		
II	Fixed assets		20,718,090,118	23,346,634,567		
1	Tangible fixed assets	8(a)	13,689,666,069	15,875,712,933		
	Cost		30,841,960,550	26,352,357,283		
	Accumulated depreciation		(17,152,294,481)	(10,476,644,350)		
3	Intangible fixed assets	8(b)	7,028,424,049	7,470,921,634		
	Cost		13,303,624,507	11,279,265,995		
	Accumulated amortisation		(6,275,200,458)	(3,808,344,361)		
IV	Long-term investments	4(b)	4,363,050,000	-		
3	Long-term investments in securities					
	<ul> <li>Available for sale</li> </ul>		4,345,050,000			
4	Other long-term investments		18,000,000	-		
V	Other long-term assets		5,362,321,552	1,667,499,756		
1	Long-term prepayments	9	1,158,467,402	354,712,772		
2	Deferred income tax assets	15	1,877,339,122	986,271,956		
3	Cash in the Settlement Supporting Fund	10	2,326,515,028	326,515,028		
	TOTAL ASSETS		515,610,924,793	453,135,618,226		

Form B 01 - CTCK

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As at 31 D	ecember
		Note	2010	2009
Code	RESOURCES		VND	VND
Α	LIABILITIES		194,802,126,389	232,622,896,746
1	Current liabilities		194,311,275,452	232,217,672,315
1	Short term borrowings	11	138,291,764,137	2,371,763,226
2	Trade accounts payable		448,121,193	148,338,017
3	Advances from customers		850,732,000	470,032,000
4	Taxes and other payables to the State Budget	12	4,317,469,423	7,828,528,159
5	Payables to employees		44,533,432	15,302,271
6	Accrued expenses	13	8,005,070,420	8,351,954,605
7	Intercompany payables	22(b)	10,395,432	50,022,653
8	Payables for securities transactions	14	41,535,105,444	107,594,806,361
9	Dividends payable and bond principals and			
	interest payables to client		502,968,610	1,438,952,241
11	Other payables		305,115,361	103,947,972,782
II	Long-term liabilities		490,850,937	405,224,431
6	Provision for severance allowances		490,850,937	405,224,431
В	OWNERS' EQUITY		320,808,798,404	220,512,721,480
1	Capital and reserves	16	320,808,798,404	220,512,721,480
1	Owners' capital		300,000,000,000	200,000,000,000
5	Differences upon asset revaluation	2.6(b)	(588,937,500)	-
8	Financial reserve funds		2,419,886,795	1,525,636,074
9	Other funds		2,419,886,795	2,025,636,074
10	Retained earnings		16,557,962,314	16,961,449,332
	TOTAL RESOURCES		515,610,924,793	453,135,618,226
				THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

Ngo Thanh Thuy Chief Accountant Le Minh Tam General Director 28 February 2011

CHỨNG K

The notes on pages 9 to 22 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Form B 02 - CTCK

## INCOME STATEMENT

			Year ended 31 December			
			2010	2009		
Code		Note	VND	VND		
1	Revenue		113,257,794,447	122,481,965,344		
	In which:					
	On securities brokerage activities		45,578,276,055	64,369,738,152		
	On securities investments and capital					
	contribution		177,517,950	6,056,643,836		
	On investment consultant activities		6,864,365,787	843,320,590		
	On securities depository		171,318,776	16,336,808		
	On capital use		517,085,590	45,454,545		
	Others	17	59,949,230,289	51,150,471,413		
2	Less deductions					
3	Net revenue		113,257,794,447	122,481,965,344		
4	Operating expenses	18	(50,713,291,786)	(55,629,305,026)		
5	Gross operating profit		62,544,502,661	66,852,660,318		
6	General and administration expenses	19	(40,040,185,288)	(29,170,853,584)		
7	Net operating profit before tax		22,504,317,373	37,681,806,734		
8	Other income	20	1,090,862,772	1,019,321,703		
9	Other expenses	20	(7,727,300)	(22,504,089)		
10	Net other income		1,083,135,472	996,817,614		
11	Net accounting profit before tax		23,587,452,845	38,678,624,348		
12	Business income tax - current	21	(6,397,193,087)	(7,469,518,662)		
13	Business income tax - deferred	21	694,754,666	986,271,956		
14	Net profit after tax		17,885,014,424	32,195,377,642		
			CONG TY	No:X		

Ngo Thanh Thuy Chief Accountant General Director 28 February 2011

The notes on pages 9 to 22 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Form B 02 - CTCK

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

Code			2010	2009
				2009
1		Note	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Net profit before tax Adjustments for:		23,587,452,845	38,678,624,348
02	Depreciation and amortisation		9,162,597,208	8,220,682,381
03	Provisions		5,613,415,501	1,919,887,249
05	Losses from investing activities		7,727,300	22,504,089
06	Interest expenses		2,730,623,531	6,313,224,077
08	Operating profit before changes in working capital		41,101,816,385	55,154,922,144
09	Increase in receivables		(208, 372, 656, 785)	(256,694,497,690)
11	(Decrease)/increase in payables		(167,562,580,104)	214,497,417,076
12	(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses		(650,911,070)	968,910,266
13	Interest paid		(2,730,623,531)	(6,313,224,077)
14	Business income tax paid		(12,575,384,251)	-
20	Net cash (outflows)/inflows from operating activities		(350,790,339,356)	7,613,527,719
II	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchases of fixed assets		(6.541,780,059)	(4,209,022,440)
23	Term deposits at banks with maturity over 3 months		(145,000,000,000)	(333,870,414,289)
24	Collection of term deposits at banks with maturity over 3			
	months		275,000,000,000	291,870,414,289
25	Investments in other entities		(27,414,093,486)	(16,974,177,000)
26	Proceeds from divestment in other entities		22,780,647,986	85,211,419,214
30	Net cash inflows from investing activities		118,824,774,441	22,028,219,774
III	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
31	Capital contribution		100,000,000,000	-
33	Proceeds from borrowings		202,564,579,362	300,484,741,817
34	Repayments of borrowings		(66,644,578,451)	(298,112,978,591)
36	Dividends paid		(17,000,000,000)	(10,000,000,000)
40	Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities		218,920,000,911	(7,628,236,774)
50	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(13,045,564,004)	22,013,510,719
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3	30,973,378,924	8,959,868,205
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3	17,927,814,920	30,973,378,924

~ IIII

Ngo Thanh Thuy Chief Accountant Le Minh Tam General Director 28 February 2011

CỔ PHẨI CHỨNG KH

The notes on pages 9 to 22 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Form B 09 - CTCK

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Kim Eng Vietnam Securities Joint Stock Company ("the Company") was established in SR Vietnam pursuant to Establishment Licence No. 71/UBCK-GP, dated 14 December 2007, issued by the State Securities Commission.

The principal activity of the Company is to provide securities brokerage services, proprietary trading activities, investment consultancy, investment portfolio management, underwriting activities and securities depository activities.

As at 31 December 2010, the Company had 223 employees (2009: 127 employees).

#### 2 ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and regulations applicable for securities companies operating in SR Vietnam. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available for sale investments at fair value through equity.

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than SR Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in SR Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than SR Vietnam.

#### 2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

#### 2.3 Currency

The financial statements are measured in Vietnamese dong and presented using Vietnamese Dong.

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised in the income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the income statement.

#### 2.4 Form of records applied

The Company uses general journal to record its transactions.

Form B 09 - CTCK

#### 2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at bank, cash in transit, deposits for proceeds collected from underwriting activities, deposits for clearing settlement and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### 2.6 Investments

#### (a) Short-term investments

Short-term investments in securities

Short-term investments in securities are securities held for trading and are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term or if so designated by the Board of Directors.

Short-term investments in securities are initially recorded at cost of acquisition. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value. Gain (loss) is recognised as income or expense in the income statement. Cost of securities disposed is determined by using the weighted average method

Dividends earned from equity securities during the year are recognised in the income statement. Interest incomes earned from debt securities are recognised as a deduction in carrying value of trading securities for the portion incurred before the purchasing date and as an investment income for the portion incurred since the purchasing date.

#### (b) Long-term investments

Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale securities are those intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidation or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices.

Available for sales investments are initially recorded at cost of acquisition. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value.

Changes in the fair value of available-for-sale investments are recognised in equity and are taken to the income statement upon sales.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity securities are debt securities with fixed or determinable payment and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

Held to maturity investments are recorded at cost of acquisition. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Interest incomes earned from debt securities are recognised as a deduction in carrying value of trading securities for the portion incurred before the purchasing date and as an investment income for the portion incurred since the purchasing date.

Form B 09 - CTCK

#### 2.7 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets.

Depreciation

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method so as to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual rates used are:

3 - 6 years
3 - 5 years
6 years
5 years

#### Disposals

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised as income or expense in the income statement.

#### 2.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing is used to finance the Company's working capital. Borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

### 2.9 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Revenue from provision of services

Revenue on services to investors consists of securities brokerage fees, securities underwriting fees and investment consultancy fees, which are based on agreements with investors. These fees are recognised on an accruals basis.

Income on securities trading

Income on securities investments consists of income on proprietary trading activities and dividend income.

Income on proprietary trading activities is measured as difference between selling price and costs of securities sold.

Dividend income is recognised in the income statement when the Company's right to receive dividend is established.

Income on capital activities and other income

Income on capital activities and other income consist of interest income from deposits at banks, income from advances to investors and income from agreements for securities investment cooperation. Income is recognised on an accruals basis.

Form B 09 - CTCK

#### 2.10 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

## 2.11 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

#### 2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligations. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

#### 2.13 Provision for severance allowances

In accordance with Vietnamese labour laws, employees of the Company are entitled to a severance allowance based on their years of service up to 31 December 2008. This will be paid as a lump sum when the employee leaves the Company. A provision for severance allowances is made for the estimated liability for employment termination as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date. The provision is calculated on the basis of a half-month salary for each employee for each year of service with the Company, based on salary levels at the balance sheet date.

Form B 09 - CTCK

### 2.14 Recognition of dividend distribution and reserves

#### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders. Dividends are approved and paid to shareholders after the business income tax and statutory reserves are provided in accordance with prevailing regulations of Vietnam.

#### Financial reserve

Financial reserve is provided at 5% of the net profit after tax each year until the reserve balance reaches 10% of the Company's chartered capital according to Circular 11/2000/TT-BTC dated 1 February 2000 issued by the Ministry of Finance applicable for securities companies. Financial reserve is to secure the Company from risk of loss or contingency liabilities.

#### Capital supplementary reserve

Capital supplementary reserve is provided at 5% of the net profit after tax each year until the reserve balance reaches 10% of the Company's chartered capital according to Circular 11/2000/TT-BTC dated 1 February 2000 issued by the Ministry of Finance applicable for securities companies. Capital supplementary reserve is used to expand the Company's operation or supplement its chartered capital.

#### 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31.12.2010	31.12.2009
	VND	VND
Cash on hand	83,084,558	51,250,369
Cash at bank	1,523,549,150	274,936,408
Deposits for clearing settlement	16,321,181,212	10,647,192,147
Cash equivalents (*)		20,000,000,000
	17,927,814,920	30,973,378,924

(\*) Cash equivalents include term deposits with maturity within 3 months.

#### 4 INVESTMENTS

#### (a) Short-term investments

			31.12.2010		
	Book value	Compa		Market value	Provision
	VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	VND	VND
Listed equity securities	4,557,004	2,048,496		6,605,500	

Form B 09 - CTCK

## 4 INVESTMENTS (continued)

### (a) Short-term investments (continued)

			31.12.20	09	
	Book value	Compared to market value		Market value	Provision
	VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	VND	VND
Listed equity securities Term deposits with maturity	514,320,000	7,140,000	-	521,460,000	
above 3 months	130,000,000,000	-		130,000,000,000	-
	130,514,320,000	7,140,000		130,521,460,000	-

04 40 0000

## (b) Long -term investments

			31.12.2010				
	Book value	Compared to market value		•		Market value	Variance
	VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	VND	VND		
Listed equity securities – Available-for-sale Investments in bonds	5,130,300,000 18,000,000	-	(785,250,000)	4,345,050,000 18,000,000			
	5,148,300,000		(785,250,000)	4,363,050,000	(785,250,000)		

All the available-for-sale and held-to-maturity investments carried forward from 2008 were sold in 2009. There was no new long-term investment in 2009.

#### 5 RECEIVABLES FROM SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

All the receivables from securities transactions include cash advanced to customers and for agreement for trading securities cooperation with other investors.

#### 6 PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

	2010 VND	2009 VND
As at 1 January	1,919,887,249	
Addition	7,533,302,750	1,919,887,249
Write off	(1,919,887,249)	-
As at 31 December	7,533,302,750	1,919,887,249

Form B 09 - CTCK

## 7 OTHER RECEIVABLES

	31.12.2010 VND	31.12.2009 VND
Interest receivables Receivables from employees Interest receivables from cash deposit at bank Others	5,642,097,341 1,868,957,084	3,290,950,000 483,466,665 386,710,556
	7,511,054,425	4,161,127,221

## 8 FIXED ASSETS

## (a) Tangible fixed assets

	Office leasehold improvements VND	Machinery, equipment VND	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Total VND
Historical cost					
At 1 January 2010	7,885,798,987	15,380,454,479	1,934,047,405	1,152,056,412	26,352,357,283
New purchases		2,873,554,428	1,117,964,500	525,902,619	4,517,421,547
Disposals	-	(27,818,280)			(27,818,280)
At 31 December 2010	7,885,798,987	18,226,190,627	3,052,011,905	1,677,959,031	30,841,960,550
Accumulated depreciati	ion				
At 1 January 2010	2,987,784,762	6,570,854,214	563,246,132	354,759,242	10,476,644,350
Charge for the year	1,577,159,801	4,444,671,921	399,977,659	273,931,730	6,695,741,111
Disposals	-	(20,090,980)	-	-	(20,090,980)
At 31 December 2010	4,564,944,563	10,995,435,155	963,223,791	628,690,972	17,152,294,481
Net book value					
At 1 January 2010	4,898,014,225	8,809,600,265	1,370,801,273	797,297,170	15,875,712,933
At 31 December 2010	3,320,854,424	7,230,755,472	2,088,788,114	1,049,268,059	13,689,666,069
	-				

Form B 09 - CTCK

## 8 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

## (b) Intangible fixed assets

	Con	nputer software VND
Historical cost At 1 January 2010 New purchases		11,279,265,995 2,024,358,512
At 31 December 2010		13,303,624,507
Accumulated amortisation At 1 January 2010 Charge for the year		3,808,344,361 2,466,856,097
At 31 December 2010		6,275,200,458
Net book value At 1 January 2010		7,470,921,634
At 31 December 2010		7,028,424,049
LONG-TERM PREPAYMENTS		
	2010 VND	2009 VND
Beginning of year Additions Amortisation for the year	354,712,772 1,291,680,435 (487,925,805)	
End of year	1,158,467,402	354,712,772

Long-term prepayments mainly comprise of expenses for setting up new branches and are amortised to the income statement over 2 years.

## 10 CASH IN THE SETTLEMENT SUPPORTING FUND

This is cash deposits in the Settlement Supporting Fund of Securities Depository Center as required by prevailing regulations.

## 11 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

	31.12.2010 VND	31.12.2009 VND
Short term loan from banks Short term loan from individual customers	130,664,764,137 7,627,000,000	2,371,763,226
	138,291,764,137	2,371,763,226

Form B 09 - CTCK

### 12 TAXES AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE STATE BUDGET

	31.12.2010 VND	31.12.2009 VND
VAT on domestic sales Business income tax - current Personal Income Tax Other taxes (*)	1,134,842,507 1,291,327,498 356,569,459 1,534,729,959	23,830,508 7,469,518,662 174,943,005 160,235,984
	4,317,469,423	7,828,528,159

<sup>(\*)</sup> Other taxes are mostly personal income taxes payables to the State Budget on behalf of customers.

#### 13 ACCRUED EXPENSES

31.12.2010	31.12.2009
VND	VND
4,700,000,000	5,393,939,394
1,184,065,487	1,770,664,538
2,121,004,933	1,187,350,673
8,005,070,420	8,351,954,605
	4,700,000,000 1,184,065,487 2,121,004,933

<sup>(\*)</sup> Other accruals include accrued expenses for office rental, Freewill software maintenance, management fee, agency commission, borrowing interest expense, professional fee, ect.

#### 14 PAYABLES FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

Payables for securities transactions represent deposits from investors at the Company for their investment activities.

#### 15 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority.

The movement in deferred tax assets, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	2010 VND	2009 VND
At 1 January Credited to the income statement	986,271,956 694,754,666	986,271,956
Credited to the capital and reserves  At 31 December	196,312,500 ————— 1,877,339,122	986,271,956

The deferred income tax asset mainly arises from the provision for doubtful debts, decline in value of long term investment and provision for severance allowances.

Form B 09 - CTCK

#### 16 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

	Owners' capital VND	Difference upon assets revaluation VND	Financial reserve funds VND	Other funds VND	Retained earnings VND	Total VND
At 1 January 2009	200,000,000,000	3,250,098,214			(1,682,656,162)	201,567,442,052
Profit for the year	-		-	-	32,195,377,642	32,195,377,642
Appropriation to reserves			1,525,636,074	2,025,636,074	(3,551,272,148)	-
Dividends paid	-			-	(10,000,000,000)	(10,000,000,000)
Other movements		(3,250,098,214)		-		(3,250,098,214)
At 31 December 2009	200,000,000,000		1,525,636,074	2,025,636,074	16,961,449,332	220,512,721,480
Increase in owners' capital	100,000,000,000	-			-	100,000,000,000
Profit for the year	-	-		-	17,885,014,424	17,885,014,424
Appropriation to reserves			894,250,721	394,250,721	(1,288,501,442)	
Dividends paid			-		(17,000,000,000)	(17,000,000,000)
Revaluation of long term investments		(588,937,500)		-	12	(588,937,500)
At 31 December 2010	300,000,000,000	(588,937,500)	2,419,886,795	2,419,886,795	16,557,962,314	320,808,798,404
			The second second second second second			

Form B 09 - CTCK

## 17 REVENUE - OTHERS

Revenue other comprises of interest income from cash advances to investors and income from agreement for securities investment cooperation.

## 18 OPERATING EXPENSES

		2010 VND	2009 VND
	Brokerage fees	8,088,540,928	11,310,205,157
	Agency commission	2,154,113,650	2,288,572,881
	Securities trading expenses	147,971,190	1,609,665,214
	Financial expenses	1,842,620,782	6,483,436,876
	Staff costs	21,934,219,270	20,862,938,160
	Depreciation and amortisation	2,376,536,490	1,646,520,949
	Office rental	5,282,185,433	3,811,802,140
	Other direct costs	8,887,544,043	7,616,163,649
		50,713,731,786	55,629,305,026
19	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
		2010 VND	2009 VND
	Depreciation and amortisation	6,786,060,718	6,574,161,432
	Staff costs	15,511,380,955	9,628,002,114
	Materials, stationery	136,685,432	94,086,810
	Tools	121,587,208	577,806,174
	Provision for doubtful debts	7,515,849,681	1,919,887,249
	Tax and other related fees	46,659,297	15,827,000
	Office rental	1,614,769,436	2,387,155,948
	Software maintenance costs	2,049,938,256	1,382,917,134
	Other expenses	6,257,254,305	6,591,009,723
		40,040,185,288	29,170,853,584
20	NET OTHER INCOME		
		2010 VND	2009 VND
	Other income		12
	Commission income from PVFI and other parties	1,090,862,772	1,019,321,703
	Other expenses	(7,727,300)	(22,504,089)
	Losses on disposals of fixed assets		
	Net other income	1,083,135,472	996,817,614

## 21 BUSINESS INCOME TAX ("BIT")

Business income tax charge at the rate of 25% for the year is based on the estimated taxable income

	2010 VND	2009 VND
Net accounting profit before tax	23,587,452,845	38,678,624,348
Tax calculated at a rate of 25%	5,896,863,212	9,669,656,087
Effect of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Impact of change in BIT rate in 2009 on deferred taxes Income not subject to tax	52,209,325 - (246,634,116)	10,389,645 (295,409,381)
Tax deduction (*)		(2,901,389,645)
Business income tax charge	5,702,438,421	6,483,246,706

The Company's tax returns are subject to periodic examination and possible adjustment by the Tax Authority. The tax assessments for the years 2010 and 2009 have not yet been finalised by the Tax Authority.

(\*) On 13 January 2009, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular 03/2009/TT-BTC announcing a reduction of the BIT liability for the whole of 2009 for Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs), of which SMEs shall be entitled to a 30% BIT reduction in 2009. In accordance with the Circular 03/2009/TT-BTC, the Company assessed that it meets the criteria as an SME, therefore, it applied the 30% BIT deduction for the whole of 2009.

## 22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is controlled by Kim Eng Holdings Singapore which owns 46.6% of the Company's legal capital.

# (a) Related party transactions

During the year, the following transactions were carried out with related parties:

# i) Securities brokerage fees and confirming fees

	2010	2009
	VND	VND
		15
Fellow group subsidiaries		
Kim Eng Securities Pte. Ltd-Trust	33,218,725	58,925,560
Kim Eng Securities (Thailand) Public	12,191,741	12,780,000
Other related parties	93,806,641	40,025,489
	139,217,107	111,731,049

Form B 09 - CTCK

# 22 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

# (a) Related party transactions (continued)

(b)

ii) Consultation fee		
	2010 VND	2009 VND
Kim Eng Securities Pte. Ltd		161,000,000
iii) Compensation of key management		
	2010 VND	2009 VND
Gross salaries and other benefits	1,737,908,682	1,559,077,754
iv) Other related party transactions		
	2010 VND	2009 VND
Expenses paid by Kim Eng Securities Pte. Ltd on behalf of the Company Expenses paid by the Company on behalf of Kim Eng Holdings Expenses paid by Kim Eng Research Pte. Ltd on behalf of the Company Expenses paid by the Company on behalf of Kim Eng Research Pte. Ltd Expenses paid by the Company on behalf of Kim Eng Securities Pte. Ltd	2,690,649 2,981,328	48,349,727 - 16,375,359 - 101,257,994
Year end balances with related parties		
	2010 VND	2009 VND
Payable to Kim Eng Holdings Singapore Payable to Kim Eng Securities Singapore	10,395,432	50,022,653

Form B 09 - CTCK

#### 23 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Office rent	Office rental	
	2010	2009	
	VND	VND	
Within 1 year	954,172,800	-	
Between 1 and 5 years	3,105,636,401	-	
Total minimum payments	4,059,809,201	-	

## 24 COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2009 has been restated using indirect method to conform to the current year presentation.

The financial statements were approved by the General Director on 28 February 2011.

Ngo Thanh Thuy Chief Accountant VIỆT (AM) MA TO HIS COME Tam

CHÚNG KHO

General Director